



Famous French People



Kylian Mbappé

Kylian Mbappé is a French professional footballer known for his speed, technical skill, and goal-scoring ability. He plays as a forward for Real Madrid and the French National team. He rose to fame as a teenager, playing a key role in helping France win the 2018 FIFA World Cup, where he became the youngest French player to score in a World Cup and only the 2nd teenager ever to score in a World Cup final (after Pelé). His performances have earned him awards and recognition as one of the best players in the world.

Sophie Marceau

Sophie Marceau is a French actress, director and writer who became famous in the 1980s as a teen star. She gained widespread recognition for her role as the rebellious teenager Vic in the film *La Boum* (1980) and its sequel *La Boum 2* (1982). Sophie's performances have made her an icon of French cinema. She later expanded her career internationally, starring in films like *Braveheart* (1995) and the James Bond movie *The World Is Not Enough* (1999). Marceau is celebrated for her acting talent and enduring presence in both French and global cinema.



Omar Sy

Omar Sy is a French actor and comedian, best known in France for his sketches with Fred Testot on the *Service après-vente des émissions* television show on Canal+ (2005-2012). He gained widespread fame for his role in the 2011 film *The Intouchables* in which his performance earned him critical acclaim and the César Award for Best Actor, making him the first Black Actor to win this prestigious French film award. Sy has since become a major French figure in cinema and also gained international recognition, starring in films like *Jurassic World* (2015) and the Netflix series *Lupin* (2021).



David Guetta

David Guetta is a French DJ, music producer, and songwriter, widely regarded as one of the pioneers of electronic dance music (EDM). He gained global fame in the late 2000s and early 2010s for his chart-topping hits and collaborations with major pop and hip-hop artists like Sia, Rihanna and Nicki Minaj. Guetta is known for blending house music with mainstream pop, creating a new sound that has made him a key figure in the EDM movement. His singles like "When Love Takes Over," "Titanium," and "Without You" have made him one of the most successful and influential DJs in the world.



Michèle "Mimie" Mathy

Mimie Mathy is a French actress and comedian best known for her role as Joséphine Delamarre in the long-running TV series *Joséphine, Ange Gardien*. The show, which began in 1997, features Mathy as a guardian angel who helps people with their problems, and it has made her a beloved figure in French television. In addition to her iconic TV role, she has also appeared in various films, theatre productions, and other television shows. Mathy's charm and humour, and her ability to connect with audiences have contributed to her widespread popularity and enduring success in the entertainment industry.



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Throughout history

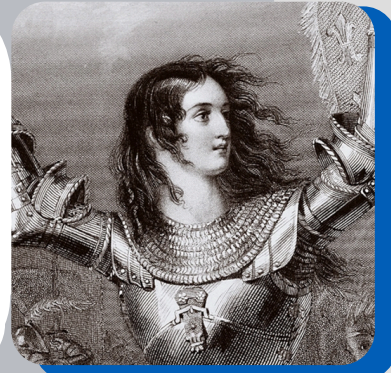


Napoleon Bonaparte (1769 - 1821)

Napoleon was a French military officer and statesman who rose to prominence during the French Revolution and led a series of successful campaigns across Europe during the French Revolutionary and Napoleonic Wars from 1796 and 1815. He was the leader of the French Republic as First Consul from 1799 to 1804, then of the French Empire as Emperor of the French from 1804 to 1814, and briefly again in 1815. Napoleon is considered one of the greatest military commanders in history and Napoleonic tactics are still studied at military schools worldwide.

Joan of Arc (1412 - 1431)

Joan of Arc, also known as "The Maid of Orléans," was a French peasant girl who became a national heroine and a saint. She is famous for her role during the Hundred Years' War, where she claimed to have received divine guidance to lead the French army to victory against the English. At just 17 years old, Joan led French forces in lifting the siege of Orléans in 1429, a turning point in the war. She also played a crucial role in the eventual crowning of Charles VII as king. However, she was captured by the English and tried for heresy, burned at the stake in 1431 at the age of 19. Joan of Arc was canonised as a saint in 1920 and remains an enduring symbol of French unity and courage.

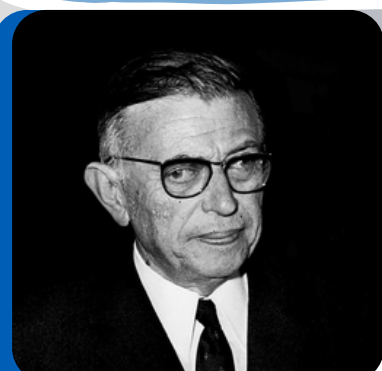


Marie Curie (1867-1934)

Marie Curie was a Polish-born physicist and chemist who became one of the most famous scientists in history for her groundbreaking research on radioactivity. She was the first woman to be awarded the Nobel Prize and the first to win the award more than once in different scientific fields - Physics (1903) and Chemistry (1911). Her efforts didn't stop at research, she also worked alongside the government to implement the use of portable x-ray machines on wounded soldiers on the battlefields of the First World War. Her work not only made significant contributions to science but also paved the way for future generations of women in research.

Édith Piaf (1915 - 1963)

Édith Piaf was a legendary French singer and songwriter, renowned for her powerful voice and emotive performances. She became famous for her iconic songs like "La Vie en Rose," "Non, Je Ne Regrette Rien," and "Hymne à l'Amour," which have become timeless classics. Born in 1915 in Paris, Piaf rose from a difficult childhood to become one of France's most loved and influential performers. Her music, often reflecting themes of love, loss, and hardship, resonated deeply with audiences. Piaf's unique voice and ability to convey deep emotion made her an international star and an enduring symbol of French culture.



Jean-Paul Sartre (1905 - 1980)

Jean-Paul Sartre was a French philosopher, playwright, novelist, and political activist, renowned for his role in developing existentialism and phenomenology. Sartre's philosophy work, particularly his 1943 book 'Being and Nothingness', explored themes of freedom, responsibility, and the nature of existence, arguing that individuals are condemned to be free and must create their own meaning in an indifferent universe. Sartre's involvement in political activism, particularly Marxism and support for various social causes, further cemented his place as a major intellectual figure of the 20th century.