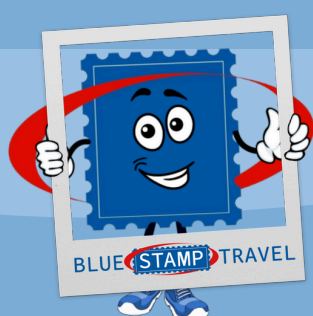


Semana Santa

Takes Place : The week prior to Easter (Changes annually)

Theme:



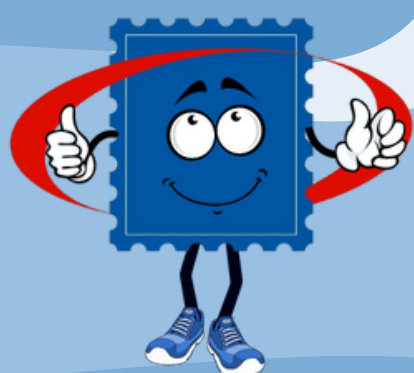
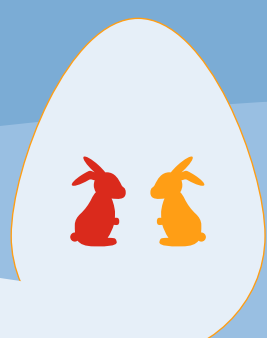
Easter in Spain is marked by grand processions throughout towns, reenacting the resurrection of Christ and various events from his passion.

Origin:

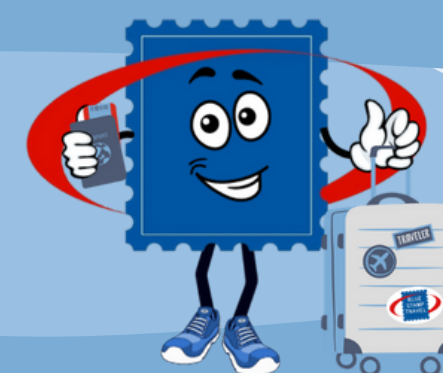


Easter processions and events in Spain have a long history, originating in the 12th century in Zamora and evolving in the 16th century to portray the passion of Christ by the Catholic Church.

Processions:



Where:



The main Easter celebrations take place in Seville and Ferrol in Spain, as well as on the Camino routes in Spain and Galicia, with festivities held throughout the country.

1- Palm Sunday:

The day signifies Jesus' entry into Jerusalem on Palm Sunday, depicted in processions with him riding a donkey and welcomed with palm leaves.

3 - Holy Friday:

The day illustrates Christ's passion with processions highlighting his meeting with the Virgin Mary and crucifixion.

4 - Holy Saturday:

Easter Eve is a day for mourning Jesus's death, characterized by quiet reflection on loss, waiting, and hope.

5 - Resurrection Sunday:

Easter Sunday signifies Jesus' resurrection after crucifixion.

2 - Holy Thursday:

Holy Thursday, or 'Jueves Santo', signifies the Last Supper and Jesus' arrest. Church bells are silent from Holy Thursday to Easter Sunday.



semana santa

